





SERIES 536

prescal pressure reducing valve with flanged connections

SD 018 03-06-2020

Application

Pressure reducing valves are installed in residential water systems to reduce and stabilise inlet pressures from mains water supplies or boosted water systems, which generally are too high and variable for domestic appliances to function correctly.

The Series 536 is specially designed for hot and cold services in commercial or public buildings to equalise the hot or cold water supplies or both and prevent excessive pressure at outlets such as taps, toilets, dish washers and other appliances.

Design

The Series 536 pressure reducing valves are factory set to maintain 3 bar down stream pressure. The pressure an be adjusted using a 10mm hexagonal wrench/screw driver, depending upon valve size.

The internal cartridge assembly can be easily removed for inspection, cleaning and maintenance.

The compensated seat design means that the set downstream pressure remains independent of upstream pressure variations.

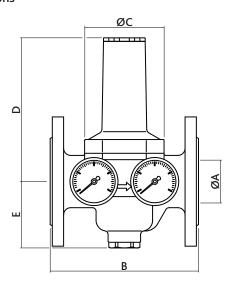
An integral filter prevents debris from entering the cartridge, which may affect it's performance.

The hydraulic profile of the valve makes it possible to achieve low pressure losses, even when a large number of outlets are open.

Construction Details

Component		Material	Grade				
Body		Bronze	BS EN 1892 CB499K				
Cover		DRZ copper alloy	BS EN 1982 CB753S				
Seat		Stainless steel	AISI 304				
Diaphragm		Elastomer	NBR				
Seals		Elastomer	EPDM				
Strainer screen		Stainless steel	AISI 304				
Ref No	Size	Connection	Gauge				
536660	DN65	flanged PN16	with 2 gauges				

Dimensions



Ref No	ØA	В	С	D	E	kg
536660	65	225	110	204	95	14.9

Technical Data

Max inlet pressure:	25 bar				
Outlet pressure setting ra	0.5 to 6 bar				
Factory setting:	3 bar				
Max working temperature	80°C				
Pressure gauge range:	upstream	0 to 25 bar			
	downstream	0 to 10 bar			
Pressure gauge connection	G ³ /8				
Medium:		potable water			
Flanged PN16:	BS EN 1092				
Flow rate for an average velocity of					

2 m/s, in accordance with BS EN 1567. 400 l/min